# Development Communications DELIVERY



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# To recap:

- A-U-D-I-E-N-C-E
- MESSAGE
  - -WHAT, HOW, WHY & WHEN
  - -Writing to be understood

# Presenting

- intimidating, scary
- you're in front of people you don't know!
- you might make a mistake!!



# A good presentation

 deliver your message succinctly and gain confidence!



### How to:

- improve your presentations
- engage youraudience
- make a
   memorable
   impression



#### A good presentation, in two words:

- Preparation
- Practice

# The DAP



## 1. Allow enough time to prepare

 follow about a 10 to 1 ratio. If your presentation is 30 minutes, you should spend about five hours preparing.

# 2. Analyze your audience

Here's that A-U-D-I-E-N-C-E
 again...won't they ever go away?!

How much background do they need?

# 3. Know your objective

- what do you want to happen as a result of your presentation?
  - do you want the audience to
    - do something?
    - decide something?
    - learn something?

# The FAMOUS *One-Minute*Development Action Plan!!

#### 1. We work with...

"We work with small-scale vegetable farmers in Jessore..."

#### 2. Who have a problem with...

"Who experience difficulty growing tomato in the rainy season..."

#### 3. What we do is...

"What we do is provide farmers with training in grafting and the construction of low-cost rain shelters..."

#### One-minute DAP

#### 4. So that...

"So that farmers can build their horticultural skills and their own rain shelters..."

#### 5. Which means that...

"Which means that farmers will be able to produce healthy tomato crops in the rainy season and increase their incomes."

## 4. Provide clues

- What do you want them to do?
- Remind them of that action at the end.



## If you are trying to get approval

- review the main points of your plan, and emphasize the benefits to the audience.
- use charts and graphs to clarify your point
- give handouts with a summary of your main points.
- consider involving the group in a discussion of how the project could be strengthened or improved

# If you want action

- explain how it works
- give examples of how similar successful plans or projects have worked in the past
- give them a look at the budget: how will the money be spent?
- give handouts with the project details
- if the group is small, consider leading a discussion on how best to put the program into action

# 5. Do your homework

- Be sure you know your topic well so that you can speak about it knowledgably.
- Think about the questions people might ask, and be sure you have the facts to answer them.

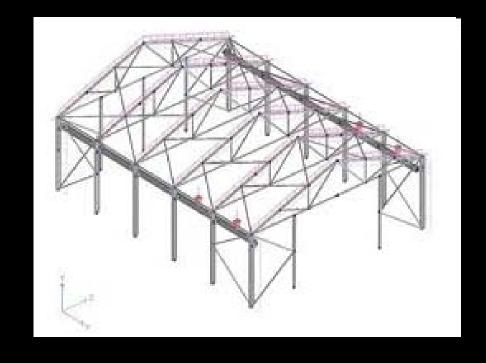
# 6. Plan your spoken delivery

- Full script: Try not to look like you are reading it!
- Notes or an outline: Remember all your important points.
- Key words: some speakers are so familiar with their subject that they only need a few key words to remind them of what they want to say.
- Memorize!



## 8. Structure

- opening
- statement of purpose
- content
- closing



# STRUCTURE: Opening

# THIS IS YOUR BIG CHANCE TO GRAB THE AUDIENCE!

- use a comment or a question to break the tension;
- begin with a startling fact or figure;
- share an opinion or statement by an expert on the subject;
- remark on how others have (or have not) solved the problem.



## STRUCTURE: Purpose

 You've already given some thought to this...

 Tell your audience upfront what you hope will happen as a result of your talk.
 Stay away from "I" - emphasize "you"

- give the specifics, but be brief
- use simple language, and a conversational tone
- give the audience some help, so they can follow your thoughts

- Slide design– K.I.S.S!
- Many templates available if you use PowerPoint
- *BUT...*

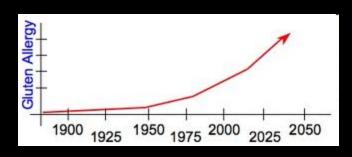


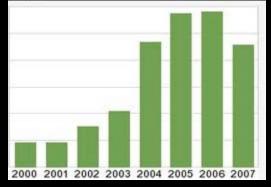
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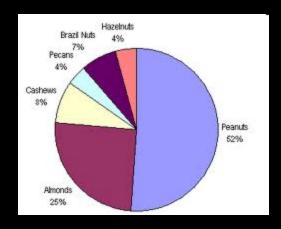
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#### Use a chart to show

- a trend
- (graph)
- a comparison
- (bar chart)
- relationship to whole
- (pie chart)







#### **PHOTOS**

 One good image per slide is better than four or five poor ones



 when you have your content pulled together, cut:



# STRUCTURE: Closing

- be brief and positive
- give a summary of what you just said
- state that you have achieved what you set out to accomplish (or hope that you did)
- remind them of the benefits
- remind them of the action you want taken
- offer assistance

# Two more points

- Check with the venue beforehand
- Make a list of all the things you'll need for the presentation

 It's true. If you want to feel comfortable up in front of a group, you must practice.



- 1. Read just your script aloud, in a quiet, private place.
  - change words or sentences that don't sound right or feel right
  - remove parts that are not relevant to your topic
  - add bridges and transitions from one section to another
  - highlight words or points you want to emphasize

- 2. Read it again in front of a mirror, or videotape yourself if you can.
  - Practice looking up, making eye contact, smiling, projecting your voice



3. Practice using all your slides, charts and other materials you will use in the live presentation

• 4. Practice once in front of a colleague or family member who can give you some feedback.



• 5. Daydream about your presentation!



**SPELLING:** CHECK YOUR SLIDES!

PRESETNTATION

- Consider the auidence
- Consider your objectvies
- · Support both with your content
- Conclude with a summarie and • Practice!
- Note the benefites to your audience

# Time to give the presentation

Pretend you are talking to a friend

Tell yourself: "this will all be over soon!"

• Remember: The audience wants you to succeed!

## How to keep people's attention

 remind them why it's important

 eliminate distractions in the room (noise, ask people to shut off their phones)



• involve people in the presentation - ask them questions, get their opinions

# Practice makes perfect!

- Consider the audience
- Consider your objectives
- Support both with your content
- Conclude with a summary and
- Note the benefits to your audience
- Practice!